Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Shriprop Projects Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Shriprop Projects Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Director's Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

- 5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing
 our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial
 statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our audit, we report that the Company has not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure I a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. Further to our comments in Annexure I, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11 (g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
 - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended)];
 - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure II wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company, as detailed in note 33 to the financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position as at 31 March 2025;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025;

iv.

a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in note 40 (i) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person or entity, including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief as disclosed in note 40 (ii) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2025.
- vi. As stated in Note 39 to the financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, except for instances/matters mentioned below, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2024, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with other than the consequential impact of the exception given below. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention in the accounting software other than the consequential impact of the exception given below.

Nature of exception noted	Details of Exception
books of account for which the feature of	The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For Abarna & Ananthan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 000003S

sd/-

sd/-

Nikhil Vaid Partner

Membership No.: 213356 UDIN: 25213356BMKZAC2958

Place: Hyderabad Date: 27 May 2025 **Dheeraj M**Partner

Membership No.: 234705

UDIN:

Place: Bengaluru Date: 27 May 2025

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Shriprop Projects Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The property, plant and equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) The Company does not own any immovable property (including investment properties). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventories held by the Company comprise stock of units in completed projects and work-inprogress of projects under development. Having regard to the nature of inventory, the management has conducted physical verification of inventory by way of verification of title deeds, site visits conducted and continuous project progress monitoring by competent persons, at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on aforesaid physical verification.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(iii)(a) The Company has provided loans and security to others during the year as per details given below(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Advances in the nature of loans
Aggregate amount provided/granted during the year:				
Holding CompanyFellow Subsidiary	Nil Nil	Nil 196.21	1,824.63 Nil	Nil
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases:				
Holding CompanyFellow Subsidiary	Nil Nil	Nil 196.21	1,503.21 Nil	Nil

- (b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, loan granted by the Company amounting to ₹ 1,503.21 lakhs are repayable on demand and terms and conditions for payment of interest thereon have not been stipulated. Further, such loans and interest thereon have not been demanded for repayment as on date.

- (d) There is no amount which is overdue for more than 90 days in respect of loans amounting to ₹ 1,503.21 lakhs granted to such companies, firms, LLPs or other parties.
- (e) The Company has granted loans which had fallen due during the year and were repaid on or before the due date. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans.
- (f) The Company has granted loan which are repayable on demand as per details below:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of loans/advances in nature of			
loan - Repayable on demand (A)	1.824.63	1.824.63	Nil
- Agreement does not specify any terms or	.,0=00	.,0200	
period of repayment (B)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total (A+B)	1,824.63	1,824.63	Nil
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loan to the total loans	100%	100%	NA

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 of the Act in respect of loan, guarantee and security provided by it, as applicable. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. Further, the Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 186(1) of the Act.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

(vii)

- (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, income-tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount	Amount paid under Protest	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Remarks, if any
Income Tax Act, 1961 Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax Act, 1961	242.33 Nil (*)	Nil Nil	2017-18	CIT (A)	-
Central Goods and Service Tax Act,2017	Input tax credit under dispute	74.02	6.73	FY 2018-19	GST Appellate authority	-

(*) No tax liability, however, the disallowance is under appeal

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year and there has been no utilization during the current year of the term loans obtained by the Company during any previous years. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any funds on short term basis during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to and consequently does not have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year as well as the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not meet the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For Abarna & Ananthan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 000003S

sd/-

sd/-

Nikhil Vaid Partner

Macchers/deralload213356

Date: 22512/tsy325025MKZAC2958

Dheeraj M

Partner

Membership No.: 234705

UDIN:

Place: Bengaluru Date: 27 May 2025 Annexure II to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Shriprop Projects Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of Shriprop Projects Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements .

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For Abarna & Ananthan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 000003S

sd/-

sd/-

Nikhil Vaid Partner

Membership No.: 213356

UDIN: 25213356BMKZAC2958

Place: Hyderabad Date: 27 May 2025 **Dheeraj M**Partner

Membership No.: 234705

UDIN:

Place: Bengaluru Date: 27 May 2025

SHRIPROP PROJECTS PRIVATE LIMITED

Regd. Off: No. 31, 2nd Main Road, T. Chowdaiah Road, Sadashivanagar, Bengaluru-560080.

CIN: U45202KA2008PTC046145

Email ID: companysecretary@shriramproperties.com Ph. No.080-4022 9999

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
I. ASSETS	_		
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	2.85	8.38
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Other financial assets	3	0.25	0.25
(c) Deferred tax asset	4	115.97	219.41
(d) Non-current tax assets (net)	5 _	339.10	372.33
Total non-current assets	_	458.17	600.37
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	6	2,889.85	3,428.82
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	7	187.20	74.81
(ii) Trade receivables	8	196.21	200.41
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	64.24	850.66
(iv) Loans	10	1,503.21	2,332.74
(v) Other financial assets	11	6.79	10.44
(c) Other current assets	12	300.46	377.19
Total current assets		5,147.96	7,275.07
Total assets	=	5,606.13	7,875.44
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	13	1.00	1.00
(b) Other equity	14	(85.86)	49.19
Total equity	_	(84.86)	50.19
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	839.65	1,965.00
(ii) Trade payables	16		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		156.83	180.32
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii) (a) above		292.57	773.58
(iii) Other financial liabilities	17	634.19	451.44
(b) Current tax liabilities (net)	18	-	0.13
(c) Other current liabilities	19	3,767.75	4,454.78
Total current liabilities		5,690.99	7,825.25
Total equity and liabilities	-	5,606.13	7,875.44
Summary of material accounting policies	1.2		
The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the final		-	

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013	For Abarna & Ananthan Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 000003S	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shriprop Projects Private Limited		
		sd/-	sd/-	
sd/-	sd/-	Rajesh Y Shirwatkar Director DIN: 02882293	K.R. Ramesh Director DIN: 02058969	
		Bengaluru 27 May 2025	Bengaluru 27 May 2025	

Nikhil VaidDheeraj MPartnerPartnerMembership No.: 213356Membership No.: 234705

Hyderabad Bengaluru 27 May 2025 27 May 2025

Shriprop Projects Private Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	20	1,047.48	5,746.52
Other income	21	214.77	326.18
Total income		1,262.25	6,072.70
Expenses			
Material and contract cost		141.10	1,788.63
Changes in inventories	22	538.97	3,008.64
Finance costs	23	296.95	405.20
Depreciation expense	2	5.53	5.56
Impairment losses	24	188.09	410.92
Other expenses	25	123.22	378.04
Total expenses		1,293.86	5,996.99
(Loss) / profit before tax		(31.61)	75.71
Tax expense/ (credit)	26		
Current tax		-	0.13
Prior year tax reversal		-	(115.01)
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		103.44	(219.41)
(Loss) / profit after tax		(135.05)	410.00
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year		(135.05)	410.00
Earnings per equity share	27		
Basic (₹)		(1,350.50)	4,100.00
Diluted (₹)		(1,350.50)	4,100.00
Summary of material accounting policies The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of	1.2 the financial statement	s	

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013	For Abarna & Ananthan Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 000003S	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shriprop Projects Private Limited		
		sd/-	sd/-	
sd/-	sd/-	Rajesh Y Shirwatkar Director DIN: 02882293	K.R. Ramesh Director DIN: 02058969	
Nikhil Vaid Partner Membership No.: 213356	Dheeraj M Partner Membership No.: 234705	Bengaluru 27 May 2025	Bengaluru 27 May 2025	
Hyderabad 27 May 2025	Bengaluru 27 May 2025			

Shriprop Projects Private Limited Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(All amounts in ₹ lakins, unless otherwise stated)	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
A. Cash flow from operating activities		01
(Loss) / profit before tax	(31.61)	75.71
Adjustments to reconcile (loss) / profit before tax to net cash flows	` ,	
Interest income from body corporates	(64.07)	(229.19)
Interest income from income tax refund	(4.31)	· -
Gain arising from financial instruments designated as FVTPL	(15.41)	(5.11)
Profit on sale of mutual funds	(8.18)	(0.51)
Depreciation expense	5.53	5.56
Finance costs	296.95	405.20
Impairment losses	188.09	410.92
Loss on retirement of assets	-	6.09
Operating profit before working capital changes	366.99	668.67
Working capital adjustments:		
Decrease in inventories	538.97	3,008.64
Decrease in trade receivables	4.20	36.24
(Increase)/ Decrease in other assets	(107.71)	1,499.74
(Decrease)/ Increase in trade payables	(504.50)	(375.68)
(Decrease)/ Increase in other liabilities	(537.28)	(2,376.91)
Cash flow (used in)/ generated from operations	(239.33)	2,460.70
Income tax refund received / paid (net)	33.10	(85.08)
Net cash flow (used in)/ generated from operating activities	(206.23)	2,375.62
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-	0.11
Loan to related parties	(386.39)	(858.93)
Recovery of loan given to body corporates	1,215.92	233.27
Interest income received	68.38	-
Purchase of mutual funds	(360.00)	(150.00)
Proceeds from sale of mutual funds	271.20	150.51
Net cash flow generated from / (used in) investing activities	809.11	(625.04)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		_
Repayment of borrowings	(1,202.98)	(872.35)
Finance cost paid	(186.32)	(408.41)
Net cash flow (used in) financing activities	(1,389.30)	(1,280.76)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(786.42)	469.82
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	850.66	380.84
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 9)	64.24	850.66

Changes in financial liabilities arising from cash and non-cash changes:

Particulars	As at 1 April 2024	Cash flow	Non cash changes Accrued interest & amortisation of transaction cost	As at 31 March 2025
Term loan from others	1,965.00	(1,202.98)	77.63	839.65
Total	1,965.00	(1,202.98)	77.63	839.65

			Non cash changes	
Particulars	As at 1 April 2023	Cash flow	Accrued interest &	As at
rai ticulai s			amortisation of	31 March 2024
			transaction cost	
Term loan from others	2,840.56	(872.35)	(3.21)	1,965.00
Total	2,840.56	(872.35)	(3.21)	1,965.00

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

For Abarna & Ananthan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 000003S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Shriprop Projects Private Limited

sd/-

sd/-

Nikhil Vaid

Partner

sd/-

Membership No.: 213356

Hyderabad 27 May 2025 **Dheeraj M** Partner

Membership No.: 234705

Bengaluru 27 May 2025 Rajesh Y Shirwatkar Director DIN: 02882293

Bengaluru 27 May 2025 K.R. Ramesh Director DIN: 02058969

sd/-

Bengaluru 27 May 2025

Shriprop Projects Private Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025 (All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at 01 April 2023	1.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	1.00
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at 31 March 2025	1.00

Reserves and surplus

B. Other equity

Particulars	Measurement of below market rate financial instruments at fair value (*)	Deemed capital contribution (^)	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2023	62.52	645.98	(1,069.31)	(360.81)
Profit for the year	-	=	410.00	410.00
Balance as at 31 March 2024	62.52	645.98	(659.31)	49.19
Profit for the year	-	-	(135.05)	(135.05)
Balance as at 31 March 2025	62.52	645.98	(794.36)	(85.86)

- (*) Represents accounting for corporate guarantee provided by the Holding company
- (^) Represents the waiver of loan by the Holding company. Refer note 14

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013	For Abarna & Ananthan Chartered Accountants Firm registration number: 000003S	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Shriprop Projects Private Limited	
		sd/-	sd/-
sd/-	sd/-	Rajesh Y Shirwatkar Director DIN: 02882293	K.R. Ramesh Director DIN: 02058969
		Bengaluru 27 May 2025	Bengaluru 27 May 2025
Nikhil Vaid	Dheeraj M		
Partner Membership No.: 213356	Partner Membership No.: 234705		
Hyderabad 27 May 2025	Bengaluru 27 May 2025		

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

1 Company overview and material accounting policies

1.1 Company overview

Shriprop Projects Private Limited ('the Company'), was incorporated on 21 April 2008. The registered office of the Company is located at No. 31, 2nd Main Road, T.Chowdaiah Road, Sadashivanagar, Bengaluru- 560080, India. The Company is engaged in the business of construction, development and sale of all or any part of housing projects, and other related activities. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Shriram Properties Limited.

1.2 Material accounting policies

a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The Company has uniformly applied the accounting policies during the periods presented.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 were authorized and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 May 2025.

b. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis under the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes in to account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2 'Inventories', or value in use in Ind AS 36 'Impairment of assets'.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

Level 3: Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on the observable marked data (unobservable inputs)

c. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements is in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles which require the management of the Company to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based upon the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future period. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Application of accounting policies that require significant accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note 1.3.

d. Recent accounting pronouncements

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs notified new standards or amendment to existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. The Company applied following amendments for the first-time during the current year which are effective from 01 April 2024:

Amendments to Ind AS 116 - Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The amendments require an entity to recognise lease liability including variable lease payments which are not linked to index or a rate in a way it does not result into gain on Right of Use asset it retains.

Introduction of Ind AS 117

MCA notified Ind AS 117, a comprehensive standard that prescribe, recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements, to avoid diversities in practice for accounting insurance contracts and it applies to all companies i.e., to all "insurance contracts" regardless of the issuer. However, Ind AS 117 is not applicable to the entities which are insurance companies registered with IRDAI.

The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have any impact on the financial statements.

e. Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

(i)An asset is classified as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period (ii) All other assets are classified as non-current.

(iii) A liability is classified as current when:

- · It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- · It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- · There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period
- (iv) All other liabilities are classified as non-current.
- (v)Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Based on the nature of service and the time between the acquisition of assets for development and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as four years for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities which pertain to the project and for all other assets and liabilities the Company has considered twelve months.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

f. Foreign currency transactions

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (' ₹ ') which is also the functional and presentation currency of the Company. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

(a)Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency, by applying to the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

(b)Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are converted to functional currency using the closing rate. Non-monetary items denominated in a foreign currency which are carried at historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or any other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined

Exchange differences arising on monetary items on settlement, or restatement as at reporting date, at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded, are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

g. Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other credits, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. The Company presents revenue from contracts with customers net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer (if any).

The Company has applied five step model as per Ind AS 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' to recognise revenue in the financial statements. The Company satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- 1. The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs; or
- 2. The Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- 3. The Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where any of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognised at the point in time at which the performance obligation is satisfied.

Sale of constructed / developed properties

Revenue is recognised over the time from the financial year in which the control of the asset is transferred based on the percentage-of-completion method ('POC method') of accounting with cost of project incurred (input method) for the respective projects determining the degree of completion of the performance obligation.

The revenue recognition of real estate property under development requires forecasts to be made of total budgeted costs with the outcomes of underlying construction contracts, which further require assessments and judgments to be made on changes in work scopes and other payments to the extent they are probable and they are capable of being reliably measured. In case, where the total project cost is estimated to exceed total revenues from the project, the loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Further, for projects executed through joint development arrangements not being jointly controlled operations, wherein the land owner/possessor provides land and the Company undertakes to develop properties on such land and in lieu of land owner providing land, the Company has agreed to transfer certain percentage of constructed area, the revenue from the development and transfer of constructed area in exchange of such development rights is being accounted on gross basis on launch of the project. Revenue is recognised over time using input method, on the basis of the inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation.

The revenue is measured at the fair value of the land received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the land received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the estimated construction service rendered to the land owner, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. The fair value so estimated is considered as the cost of land in the computation of percentage of completion for the purpose of revenue recognition as discussed above.

For contracts involving sale of real estate unit, the Company receives the consideration in accordance with the terms of the contract in proportion of the percentage of completion of such real estate project and represents payments made by customers to secure performance obligation of the Company under the contract enforceable by customers. Such consideration is received and utilised for specific real estate projects in accordance with the requirements of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016. Consequently, the Company has concluded that such contracts with customers do not involve any financing element since the same arises for reasons explained above, which is other than for provision of finance to/from the customer.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

g. Revenue recognition (continued)

Others

Interest on delayed receipts, cancellation/forfeiture income and transfer fees from customers are recognised on accrual basis except in cases where ultimate collection is considered doubtful.

The Company recognises revenue from consultancy services when the significant terms of the agreement are enforceable, services have been delivered and the collectability is reasonably assured.

Unbilled revenue disclosed under other financial assets represents revenue recognised over and above the amount due as per payment plans agreed with the customers. Progress billings which exceed the costs and recognised profits to date on projects under construction are disclosed under other current liabilities. Any billed amount that has not been collected is disclosed under trade receivables and is net of any provisions for amounts doubtful of recovery.

Contract balances

Contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

h. Inventories

Properties held for development

Properties held for development represents land acquired for future development and construction, and is stated at cost including the cost of land, the related costs of acquisition and other costs incurred to get the properties ready for their intended use.

Properties under development

Properties under development represents construction work in progress which are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. This comprises of cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other net costs incurred during the period of development.

Properties held for sale

Completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, construction related overhead expenditure, borrowing costs and other costs incurred during the period of development. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

i. Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Recognition and initial measurement

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. On transition to Ind AS i.e., on 01 April 2015, the Company had elected to measure all its property, plant and equipment at the previous GAAP carrying value (deemed cost). The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met, any expected costs of decommissioning and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation and useful lives

Depreciation/amortization on property, plant & equipment is provided on the straight-line method, based on the useful life of asset specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Management estimates the useful lives of the assets as per the indicative useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Office equipment 5 years
Shuttering material 3 years
Computers 3 years
Vehicles 8 years

Cost of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

j. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization as the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the period less any interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets, to the extent that an entity borrows funds specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. In case if the Company borrows generally and uses the funds for obtaining a qualifying asset, borrowing costs eligible for capitalization are determined by applying a capitalization rate to the expenditures on that asset.

The Company suspends capitalization of borrowing costs during extended periods in which it suspends active development of a qualifying asset.

k. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

I. Tax expense

Income taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable based on the taxable profit for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income Tax Act,1961 and other applicable tax laws in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they are relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

m. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

n. Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material, using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement. Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- (i) Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- (ii) Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed except when realisation of income is virtually certain, related asset is disclosed.

o. Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value, except trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset is also adjusted.

Subsequent measurement

Debt Instruments

Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'Debt instruments' is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss

Debt Instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A debt instrument is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Debt instruments at Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in the scope of Ind AS 109,' Financial Instruments', are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration has been recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103,' Business Combinations' applies, are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in OCI with subsequent changes in the fair value.

The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, are recognized in the OCI.

There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to the statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

p. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortized cost.

Subsequent measurement

These liabilities include borrowings and deposits. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

g. Financial quarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

r. Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the twelve month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit and loss.

s. Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

t. Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company is engaged in the business of construction, development and sale of all or any part of housing project which is the only reportable segment. The Company operates primarily in India and there is no other significant geographical segment.

u. Statement of cash flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

The loans from/to related parties are in nature of current accounts. Accordingly, receipts and payments from/to related parties have been shown on a net basis in the cash flow statement.

1.3 Significant judgements and estimates in applying accounting policies

- a. Revenue from contracts with customers The Company has applied judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.
- b. Net realizable value of inventory The determination of net realisable value of inventory involves estimates based on prevailing market conditions, current prices and expected date of commencement and completion of the project, the estimated future selling price, cost to complete projects and selling cost.
- c. Impairment of financial assets At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding financial assets.
- d. Contingent liabilities At each balance sheet date basis the management estimate, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Company assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding guarantees and litigations. However, the actual future outcome may be different from this estimate.
- e. Recognition of deferred tax assets The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

2 Property, plant and equipment

Details of the Company's property, plant and equipment and reconciliation of their carrying amounts from beginning to end of reporting year is as follows:

Particulars	Office equipments	Vehicles	Shuttering material	Computers	Total
Gross carrying amount					
At 01 April 2023	6.18	39.66	12.70	0.86	59.40
Additions	-	=	=	-	-
Disposals	-	=	(12.70)	-	(12.70)
At 31 March 2024	6.18	39.66	-	0.86	46.70
Additions	-	=	=	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	6.18	39.66	-	0.86	46.70
Accumulated depreciation					
Upto 01 April 2023	3.40	28.50	6.50	0.86	39.26
Charge for the year	0.56	5.00	-	-	5.56
Adjustments for disposals	-	-	(6.50)	-	(6.50)
Upto 31 March 2024	3.96	33.50	•	0.86	38.32
Charge for the year	0.58	4.95	-	-	5.53
Adjustments for disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Upto 31 March 2025	4.54	38.45	-	0.86	43.85
Carrying amount (net)					
At 31 March 2024	2.22	6.16	-	-	8.38
At 31 March 2025	1.64	1.21	-	-	2.85

Note

a. Contractual obligations

There are no contractual commitments pending for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment as at balance sheet date.

b. Capitalized borrowing cost

There are no borrowing costs capitalized during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

c. Property, plant and equipment pledged as security

There is no property, plant and equipment pledged as security at the balance sheet date.

d. The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment as at the balance sheet date.

Projects Private Limited Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information (All amounts in Eakhs, unless otherwise stated) As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2025 As at 31 March 2025						
Name	Shrir	prop Projects Private Limited				
A single	-	• •	formation			
Non-current tax assets (net) As at a group to live tealisable value, whichever is lower to live tealisable value amounted to ₹ 13.49 lasks (31 March 2025 to 19.20 to 19.					As at	As at
Non-current (Unsecure), considered good) Security deposits 10,25 0.25					31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Clusecured, considered goods 10.00 10.0	3	Other financial assets				
Perior tax asset anising on account of Deferred tax assets anising on account of Deferred tax assets anising on account of Deferred tax assets on the Deferred tax ass						
Particulars asset arising on account of terred tax assets 115.97 219.41						
Purpose Pur		Security deposits				
Perfect tax asset arising on account of Carry forward business losses 115.97 219.41					0.25	0.25
Movement in deferred tax assets Recognised in June 2014 Recogni	4	Deferred tax asset				
Particulars		Deferred tax asset arising on account of				
Particulars As at a green protein deferred tax assets Particulars As at a green protein profession pr		Carry forward business losses			115.97	219.41
Particulars					115.97	219.41
Carry forward business losses 21941 		Movement in deferred tax assets				
Particulars		Particulars			•	
Particulars As at 31 March 2023 Recognised in print and loss As at 31 March 2023 Name Recognised in print and loss 31 March 2024 Name Nam		Committee would be used to come				
Particulars As at 31 March 2023 Recognised in profit and loss. As at 31 March 2024 Carry forward business losses 4.3 March 2024 2.9.41 219.41 219.41 Carry forward business losses 4.0 2.0 + 219.41 219.41 Carry forward business losses 2.0 + 2.0 + 2.0 + 2.0 + Formation of the provision for income tax 3.3 + 3.2 + 3.3 + 3.2 + <td></td> <td>Carry forward business losses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		Carry forward business losses				
Carry forward business losses					` '	
Carry forward business losses . <th< td=""><td></td><td>Particulars</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></th<>		Particulars		-	-	
A sat 3 March 2025 Mas at 3 March 2025 Non-current tax assets (net) Advance tax, net of provision for income tax March 2024 March		Oran (amount business lesses	31 March 2023			
Non-current tax assets (net) Advance tax, net of provision for income tax Adv		Carry forward business losses	<u> </u>			
Non-current tax assets (net) 31 March 2024 18 Indept 2024 18 Indept 2024 18 Indept 2024 31 Indep 2024 31 Indep 2024 32 Indep 2024 32 Indep 2024 32 Indep 2024 32 Indep 2024 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td><td></td><td></td></th<>				<u> </u>		
Non-current tax assets (net) 339.10 372.33 Advance tax, net of provision for income tax 339.10 372.33 6 Inventories (*) Valued at cost or Net realisable value, whichever is lower) 2,677.27 2,625.19 Properties under development Properties held for sale 2,677.27 2,625.19 803.63 3,428.85 Note 2,12.58 803.63 3,428.85 3,428.85 Note Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024; Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss: 7 Investments (*) Vincestments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in mutual fund 84.56 74.81 217,837 units (31 March 2024; 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 87.002 units (31 March 2024; Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 84.56 74.81 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments 1 74.81 Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments 1 74.81 C) betails of a						
Advance tax, net of provision for income tax 339.10 372.35 339.10 339.10 349.20 49.20 349.20 49	_	Non-amount (and another first)			31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Inventories (*) (Valued at cost or Net realisable value, whichever is lower) Properties under development Properties under development Properties held for sale 212.58 803.63 (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Note Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024: Nill) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss: 7 Investments (*) Current Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investments in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 87,020 units (31 March 2024: Nill) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 120.64 74.81 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Prode receivables (*) Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables (*) 102,625 202.18 103,120 203.18 103,120 203.18 104,625 203.18 105,025 203.18 105	5	• •			220.40	272.22
Valued at cost or Net realisable value, whichever is lower) Properties under development Properties held for sale 2,677.27 2,625.19 Properties held for sale 2,889.85 3,428.82 Properties held for sale 2,677.27 2,625.19 Properties held for sale 2,889.85 3,428.82 Properties held for sale 2,899.85 Properties held f		Advance tax, her or provision for income tax				
Properties under development Properties under development Properties held for sale 2,677.27 2,625.19 2,125.8 80.36 2,125.8					000.10	072.00
Properties under development Properties held for sale 2,677.27 2,625.19 212.58 803.63 7 Properties held for sale 212.58 803.63 7 Properties held for sale 212.58 803.63 8 Properties held for sale 212.58 8 Properties held 212.58 8 Properties 403.58 8 Prope	6					
Properties held for sale Properties held for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in vests was excercible sale and expense of profit and loss. Properties held for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in vests was excercible sale and expense of profit and loss. Properties held for the year ended 31 March 2024 Nil March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in vests was excercible sale and expense of profit and loss. Properties held for the year ended 31 March 2024 Nil Marc						
(*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Note Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024: Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss. 7 Investments (*) Current Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Regular No.2014 (31 March 2024:		·			·	•
Note Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024: Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss. 7 Investments (*) Current Investment in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments 7 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 1 196.21 200.41		Properties held for sale				
NoteWrite-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024: Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss.7 Investments (*)CurrentInvestments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in mutual fund217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular84.5674.81870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth102.64-Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof187.2074.81Aggregate amount of quoted investmentsAggregate amount of impairment in value of investments(*)Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28Trade receivables (*)Trade receivables196.21200.41	(*)	Details of assets pledged are as per note no 28			2,009.00	3,420.02
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹ 19.49 lakhs (31 March 2024: Nil) for the year ended 31 March 2025 which was recorded as an expense during the current year and included in 'changes in inventories' in the statement of profit and loss. 7 Investments (*) Current Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 102.64 - Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 7 Trade receivables 196.21 200.41	()					
Current Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Investment in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 102.64 - 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of quoted investments - Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments - To betails of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41		Write-down of inventories to net realisable value amounted to ₹				ch 2025 which was
Investment in mutual fund 217,837 units (31 March 2024: 217,837) in Aditya Birla Sunlife Medium Term Plan - Growth Regular 870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 102.64 - 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments C*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41	7					
870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Direct - Growth 102.64 - 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof 187.20 74.81 Aggregate amount of quoted investments			PL)			
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Growth Regular	84.56	74.81
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value thereof Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 **Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41		870,020 units (31 March 2024: Nil) in Shriram Overnight Fund Di	rect - Growth			-
Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 **Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41					187.20	74.81
Aggregate amount of quoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 **Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41		Aggregate amount of unquoted investments and market value the	ereof		187.20	74.81
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments (*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 8 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables		• • •			-	-
(*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 8 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41					-	-
8 Trade receivables (*) Trade receivables 196.21 200.41	(*)	Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28				
Trade receivables 196.21 200.41	``	, -				
	ð	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			106 21	200 41
		11440 10001440100				

(*) Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28

Trade receivables considered good - secured

Trade receivables considered good - unsecured

Break up of security details

Trade receivables ageing as at	31 March 2025					
	Outstand	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables-	27.60	70.19	67.69	30.73	-	196.21

189.21

196.21

7.00

151.33

49.08

200.41

Trade receivables ageing as at	31 Warch 2024					
		Outstan	ding for following	periods from due	e date of payment	
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables-	133.66	22.63	40.75	3.37	-	200.41

Summary of material acc	counting policies and other	explanatory information
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	amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)		-	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
9	Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand			0.77	4.99
	Balances with banks (*)				
	In escrow accounts			27.36	15.58
	In current accounts			36.11	730.09
	Deposits with original maturity of less than three months		<u>-</u>	-	100.00
(*)	Details of assets pledged are as per note no.28 Note:		=	64.24	850.66
	The Company had no undrawn committed borrowing facilities a	as at 31 March 2024 a	nd 31 March 2025.		
0	Loans Current				
	Loan to related parties (refer note 36)			1,503.21	1,116.82
	Loan to body corporates		-		1,215.92
			=	1,503.21	2,332.74
	Details of loans - unsecured				
	Loan receivables considered good		_	1,503.21	2,332.74
			=	1,503.21	2,332.74
			l -		
	Loans and advances to Directors / KMP / Related parties	· ·		Δs at 31 Ms	arch 2024
	•	repayable on demand As at 31 M Amount	arch 2025	As at 31 Ma	
	Loans and advances to Directors / KMP / Related parties	As at 31 M		As at 31 Ma Amount outstanding	Percentage of total
	•	As at 31 M Amount	arch 2025 Percentage of	Amount	Percentage of
	Type of borrower	As at 31 M Amount outstanding	arch 2025 Percentage of total	Amount outstanding	Percentage of total 47.88%
	Type of borrower	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82	Percentage of total
	Type of borrower	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82	Percentage of total 47.88%
11	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88%
11	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good)	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024
1	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024
	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good) Other receivables	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024
	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good)	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024
	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good) Other receivables Other current assets Advances for purchase of goods and rendering services Balance with government authorities (*)	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025 6.79 6.79 99.24 6.73	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024 10.44 10.44
	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good) Other receivables Other current assets Advances for purchase of goods and rendering services Balance with government authorities (*) Unbilled revenue	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025 6.79 6.79 99.24 6.73 79.01	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024 10.44 109.08 - 97.35
	Type of borrower Promoter Other financial assets Current (Unsecured, considered good) Other receivables Other current assets Advances for purchase of goods and rendering services Balance with government authorities (*)	As at 31 M Amount outstanding 1,503.21	Percentage of total	Amount outstanding 1,116.82 1,116.82 As at 31 March 2025 6.79 6.79 99.24 6.73	Percentage of total 47.88% 47.88% As at 31 March 2024 10.44 109.08

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

13 Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2	As at 31 March 2025				4
Authorized share capital	Number	Amount	Number	Amount		
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00		
	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00		
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares						
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00		
	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00		

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Equity shares	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00
Add: Changes during the year	-	=	=	-
Balance at the end of the year	10,000	1.00	10,000	1.00

b. Rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 each. Equity holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c. Details of shareholder holding more than 5% share capital and shares held the Holding company and promoters 31 March 2025

	Ji Marcii 2023		31 Maich	2024
Name of equity shareholder	Number	% of holding(*)	Number	% of holding(*)
Shriram Properties Limited (Holding Company and Promoter) (^)	10,000	100%	10,000	100%

- (^) includes 1 equity share held by a nominee of Shriram Properties Limited
- (*) there has been no change in the percentage of shares held by the promoters during the reporting periods

d. Aggregate number of bonus shares issued and shares issued for consideration other than cash during the five years immediately preceding the reporting date

The Company has neither issued any bonus shares or shares without consideration other than cash nor there has been any buy back of shares during five years immediately preceding year 31 March 2025. The Company does not have any shares reserved for issue under options.

Ac at

Ac at

14	Other equity	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Measurement of below market rate financial instruments at fair value	62.52	62.52
	Deemed capital contribution	645.98	645.98
	Retained earnings	(794.36)	(659.31)
		(85.86)	49.19

Nature of reserves

(a) Measurement of below market rate financial instruments at fair value

Represents accounting for corporate guarantee provided by the Holding company

(b) Deemed capital contribution

During the financial year ended 31 March 2022, the Company had an outstanding loan balance of ₹ 645.98 lakhs payable to Shriram Properties Limited, Holding Company. The loan carried market interest rate of 15% p.a and was repayable on demand. Based on mutual discussion, the Holding Company had approved waiver of the aforesaid outstanding loan balance, including outstanding interest, and such 'Gain on extinguishment of financial liability' has been treated as 'Deemed Capital Contribution' and recorded directly in the equity as it is arising out of transaction with shareholders.

(c) Retained earnings

Retained earnings represents the accumulated losses of the Company as at balance sheet date.

		As at	As at
15 I	Borrowings	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Current		
	Term loans (Secured)		
	From financial institutions	839.65	1,965.00
		839.65	1,965.00

Note:

- 1 The Company has utilized the proceeds from borrowings for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- 2 The Company does not have any charge which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies (ROC) beyond the statutory period.

15 Borrowings (continued)

Disclosure of Security

SI.No	Particulars	Particulars Nature of security Repayment details		Interest rate	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
	Current borrowings						
1	Term loan from Others Arka Fincap Limited	 a) First and exclusive charge over land and buildings & structures thereon and hypothecation of receivables from the project 'Southern crest' located at Bengaluru, Karnataka. b) First exclusive charge by way of mortgage by deposit of title deeds (and registration thereof) on 10 acres of the land of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited, Uttarpara, West Bengal. c) Corporate Guarantee of Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited, Fellow subsidiary company. 	12 Quarters from the date of first draw down, i.e. 22 September 2022 after a moratorium period of 2 quarters from the date of first disbursement	12.85%	876.87	2,079.85	
	Unamortised loan processing fees				(37.22)	(114.85)	
				_	839.65	1,965.00	

16 Trade payables	AS at 31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Total outstanding due of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note below)	156.83	180.32
Total outstanding due of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	292.57	773.58
	449.40	953.90

Note: Details of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises as per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year; (#)		
- Principal	162.08	190.00
- Interest	3.19	2.81
ii) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act;	Nil	Nil
iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	3.19	2.81
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	Nil	Nil

(#) Includes the amounts reported in note 16 and 17 to the financial statements

Trade Payables ageing schedule:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
Particulars	Unbilled	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
As at 31 March 2025								
MSME	=	156.10	-	-	0.73	156.83		
Others	190.10	96.61	5.86	-	-	292.57		
As at 31 March 2024								
MSME	-	179.18	0.18	0.96	-	180.32		
Others	311.41	132.67	185.29	0.56	143.65	773.58		

	As at	As at
17 Other financial liabilities	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Current	<u> </u>	
Payable to land owner	396.46	185.94
Refund due to customers	4.95	13.60
Other payables (^)	232.78	251.90
	634.19	451.44
(^) Includes ₹ 8.44 lakhs (31 March 2024: ₹ 12.49 lakhs) towards payable to Micro and Small Enterpr	ises	

18	Current tax liabilities (net)
	Provision for income tax, net of advance tax and tax deducted at source

19 Other current liabilities	2 722 24	
Revenue received in advance	3,563.01	4,103.87
Others		
Statutory dues payable	136.13	26.79
Payable to land owner (*)	68.61	324.12
	3 767 75	4 454 78

(*) Pertains to obligation to land owners under joint development arrangement

20	Revenue from operations (\$)	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024
а	Sale of constructed / developed properties	1,034.26	5,653.02
b	Other operating income Transfer fees Holding charges	13.22 -	8.57 1.88
	Cancellation charges	-	83.05
		13.22	93.50
		1,047.48	5,746.52
(\$)	Disaggregated revenue information		
(.,	- Revenue recognised at a point of time	13.22	93.50
	- Revenue recognised over a period of time	1,034.26	5,653.02
		1,047.48	5,746.52
21	Other income		
	Interest income on		
	- loan given to body corporates	64.07	229.19
	- on income tax refund	4.31	-
	Gain arising from financial instruments designated as FVTPL	15.41	5.11
	Commission income	116.91	83.03
	Profits on sale of mutual funds	8.18	0.51
	Miscellaneous income	5.89	8.34
		214.77	326.18
22	Changes in inventories		
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	3,428.82	6,437.46
	Inventory at the end of the year	2,889.85	3,428.82
		538.97	3,008.64
23	Finance costs (*)		
	Interest expense		
	- term loans	185.94	321.47
	- on others	-	0.25
	Interest on MSME	0.38	0.20
	Loan processing charges	77.63	83.28
	Guarantee commission expense (refer note 36)	33.00	
	Finance cost (net)	296.95	405.20
	Finance Cost (net)	290.93	403.20
(*)	Includes finance costs inventorized during the year ended 31 March 2025 amounting to Nil (31 March	n 2024: ₹ 324.78 lakhs	s)
24	Impairment losses		
	Impairment / write off losses in the value of		
	Unbilled revenue and receivables from land owner	188.09	396.36
	Others	100.09	14.56
	Out of the state o	188.09	410.92
		100.03	710.02

25		Year ended	Year ended
	Other expenses (*)	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Rent	-	4.80
	Legal and professional charges (^)	37.90	62.38
	Power and fuel expenses	14.02	14.06
	Printing and stationery	0.02	0.67
	Flat Compensation	34.58	5.23
	Rates and taxes	2.57	144.51
	Repairs and maintenance	4.43	5.87
	Advertisement and sales promotion expenses (refer note 36)	12.38	110.36
	Insurance expenses	3.71	8.28
	Communication expenses Management apply aborates	-	0.10
	Manpower supply charges Sequently expenses	11.22	6.03
	Security expenses Loss on retirement of assets	-	1.45 6.09
	Miscellaneous expenses	2.39	8.21
	Wildelian Code Coperiocs	123.22	378.04
(*) (^)	Includes expenses inventorised amounting to ₹ 26.86 lakhs (31 March 2024: ₹ 31.87 lakhs) during the Payment to auditor (on accrual basis, excluding GST) [included in legal and professional charges]	ne year ended 31 Marc	h 2025.
	As Auditor	7 47	0.40
	- Statutory audit fee - Tax audit fee	7.17 1.20	8.10 1.65
		0.11	
	- Reimbursement of expenses		0.20
00	In comparison	8.48	9.95
	Income tax Tax expense/ (credit) comprises of:		
	Current tax	_	0.13
	Prior year tax reversal	_	(115.01
	Deferred tax credit	103.44	(219.41
	Income tax expense/ (credit) reported in the statement of profit or loss	103.44	(334.29
	The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected tax expense base Company at 25.17% (31 March 2024: 25.17%) and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as for Reconciliation of effective tax rate	ollows:	
	Accounting profit/ (loss) before tax	(31.61)	75.71
	Effective tax rate in India		
		25.17%	25.17%
	At India's statutory income tax rate	25.17% (7.96)	
	Adjustments:	(7.96)	19.05
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences		19.05 0.69
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created	(7.96) 7.86	19.05 0.69 (18.38
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year	(7.96)	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years	(7.96) 7.86	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to	(7.96) 7.86	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future	(7.96) 7.86 103.44	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to	(7.96) 7.86	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23
C.	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 -
C.	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 De available against w	19.05 0.69 (18.38) (115.01) (219.41) - (1.23) (334.29) thich the deductible
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 be available against well losses amounting to ₹	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 hich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 De available against wellosses amounting to ₹	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 be available against well losses amounting to ₹	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29
	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 De available against wellosses amounting to ₹	
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.45 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 Thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 4,100.00 As at
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0 to see available against was losses amounting to ₹ 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50)	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are:	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.45 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 Thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 4,100.00 As at
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are: Current assets	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.45 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 Thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 4,100.00 As at
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are:	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.45 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 which the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 4,100.00 As at 31 March 2024
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are: Current assets Financial assets (First charge)	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0 e available against wall losses amounting to ₹ 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at 31 March 2025	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 which the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 4,100.00 As at 31 March 2024
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are: Current assets Financial assets (First charge) Trade receivables	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at 31 March 2025	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 - (1.23 (334.29 which the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 4,100.00 As at 31 March 2024
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nii), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are: Current assets Financial assets (First charge) Trade receivables Investments	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at 31 March 2025	19.05 0.69 (18.38 (115.01 (219.41 (1.23 (334.29 Thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 As at 31 March 2024
27	Adjustments: Unrecorded deferred tax asset on current year losses and temporary differences Utilisation of brought forward losses of previous year on which deferred tax asset was not created Income tax liability pertaining to prior years, reversed in current year Recognition of deferred tax asset on losses pertaining to earlier years Reversal of deferred tax asset on brought forward losses that was created in earlier years due to lack of sufficient taxable profits in future Tax effect of non-deductible expenses and other adjustments Income tax expense Deferred tax Deferred tax assets is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be temporary differences and carried forward tax losses can be utilized. The Company has unabsorbed 31 March 2025 (31 March 2024: ₹ Nil), on which deferred tax asset is not recognised. Earnings/ (loss) per share Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year Net profit/ (loss) attributable to equity shareholders Earnings/ (loss) per share (₹): Basic and diluted Nominal value- ₹ 10 per equity share Assets pledged as security The carrying amounts of assets pledged are: Current assets Financial assets (First charge) Trade receivables Investments Balance with banks in escrow accounts	(7.96) 7.86 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 103.44 0.10 10,000 (135.05) (1,350.50) As at 31 March 2025	19.05 0.69 (18.38) (115.01) (219.41) - (1.23) (334.29) Thich the deductible 280.19 lakhs as a 10,000 410.00 4,100.00 As at

29 Financial instruments

Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2025 were as follows:

Particulars	Note	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets :						
Investments	7	187.20	-	=	187.20	187.20
Security deposits	3	-	-	0.25	0.25	0.25
Trade receivables	8	-	-	196.21	196.21	196.21
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	-	64.24	64.24	64.24
Loans	10	-	-	1,503.21	1,503.21	1,503.21
Other financial assets	11	-	-	6.79	6.79	6.79
Total financial assets		187.20	-	1,770.70	1,957.90	1,957.90
Financial liabilities :	<u> </u>					
Borrowings	15	-	-	839.65	839.65	839.65
Trade payables	16	-	-	449.40	449.40	449.40
Other financial liabilities	17	-	-	634.19	634.19	634.19
Total financial liabilities		-	-	1,923.24	1,923.24	1,923.24

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as at 31 March 2024 were as follows:

Particulars	Note	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized cost	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Financial assets :						
Investments	7	74.81	-	=	74.81	74.81
Security deposits	3	-	-	0.25	0.25	0.25
Trade receivables	8	-	-	200.41	200.41	200.41
Cash and cash equivalents	9	-	-	850.66	850.66	850.66
Loans	10	-	=	2,332.74	2,332.74	2,332.74
Other financial assets	11	-	=	10.44	10.44	10.44
Total financial assets	_	74.81	-	3,394.50	3,469.31	3,469.31
Financial liabilities :	-					
Borrowings	15	-	-	1,965.00	1,965.00	1,965.00
Trade payables	16	-	-	953.90	953.90	953.90
Other financial liabilities	17	-	=	451.44	451.44	451.44
Total financial liabilities	_	-	-	3,370.34	3,370.34	3,370.34

Notes to financial instruments

i. The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans, other financial assets, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amount largely due to short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

ii. Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three Levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

iii. Measurement of fair value of financial instruments

The Company's finance team performs valuations of financial items for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair values, in consultation with third party valuation specialist for complex valuations, wherever necessary. Valuation techniques are selected based on the characteristics of each instrument, with the overall objective of maximizing the use of market-based information.

Investment in mutual funds

The fair values of mutual funds are measured with reference to the fair value of the underlying assets.

The following table shows the fair value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

31 March 2025	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in mutual funds	-	187.20	-	187.20
31 March 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investment in mutual funds	-	74.81	-	74.81

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information

(All amounts in ₹ lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

30 Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and	Ageing analysis and recoverability
	other financial assets	assessment
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts
Market risk – Price risk	Investments measured at FVTPL	Sensitivity analysis
Market risk – Interest rate	Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis

The Company's risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (of the group) under policies approved by the board of directors. The board of directors provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such interest rate risk, credit risk and investment of excess liquidity.

A Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets.

Credit Risk Management

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on the following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- a. Low credit risk
- b. High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Description	Provision for expected credit loss (*)	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and secured trade receivables	Life time expected credit loss	253.45	1,001.99
High credit risk	Other financial assets, Security deposit, Loans and unsecured trade receivables	Life time expected credit loss or fully	1,517.25	2,392.51

(*) A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due. This definition of default is determined by considering the business environment in which entity operates and other macro-economic factors.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an on-going basis throughout each reporting period. In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payments are more than 30 days past due.

Estimated gross Expected credit

losses

carrying amount

Carrying amount

net of impairment

Credit risk exposure

Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on 12 month and lifetime expected credit loss basis for following financial assets:

31 March 2025

Particulars

			provision
Trade receivables	196.21	=	196.21
Security deposit	0.25	=	0.25
Cash and cash equivalents	64.24	-	64.24
Loans	1,503.21	-	1,503.21
Other financial assets	6.79	-	6.79
31 March 2024			
	Estimated gross	Expected credit	Carrying amount
Particulars	carrying amount	losses	net of impairment
			provision
Trade receivables	200.41	=	200.41
Security deposit	0.25	=	0.25
Cash and cash equivalents	850.66	=	850.66
Loans	2,332.74	-	2,332.74
Other financial assets	10.44	-	10.44

Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach

Trade receivables are secured in a form that registry of sold residential units is not processed till the time the Company does not receive the entire payment. During the years presented, the Company made no write-offs of trade receivables and it does not expect to receive future cash flows or recoveries from collection of cash flows previously written off.

Reconciliation of expected credit loss in connection with Other financial assets	Amount
Loss allowance on 1 April 2023	300.00
Write off of expected credit loss	(300.00)
Loss allowance on 31 March 2024	-
Allowance for expected credit loss	-
Loss allowance on 31 March 2025	-

30 Financial risk management (Continued)

B Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

31 March 2025	Less than 1 year	1 year to 5 years	5 years and above	Total	Carrying amount
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings	917.19	-	-	917.19	839.65
Trade payables	241.12	208.28	-	449.40	449.40
Other financial liabilities	634.19	-	-	634.19	634.19
Total	1,792.50	208.28	-	2,000.78	1,923.24

31 March 2024	Less than 1 year	1 year to 5 years	5 years and above	Total	Carrying amount
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings	652.57	1,744.20	-	2,396.77	1,965.00
Trade payables	695.88	258.02	-	953.90	953.90
Other financial liabilities	451.44	-	=	451.44	451.44
Total	1,799.89	2,002.22	-	3,802.11	3,370.34

C Market risk

a) Interest rate risk

1 Liabilities

The Company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortized cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in IndAS 107, 'Financial Instruments - Disclosures', since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Company's variable rate borrowing is subject to interest rate. Below is the overall exposure of the borrowing:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Variable rate borrowing	876.87	2,079.85
Fixed rate borrowing	-	-
Total borrowings	876.87	2,079.85

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Interest rates – increase by 50 basis points (50 bps)	(7.25)	(12.62)
Interest rates – decrease by 50 basis points (50 bps)	7.25	12.62

2 Assets

The Company's security deposits are interest free and loans are carried at fixed rate. Therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

b) Price risk

The Company's exposure to price risk arises from investments in mutual fund held and classified as FVTPL. To manage the price risk arising from investment, the company diversifies its portfolio.

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower prices of instruments on the Company's profits for the periods.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Price increase by 5% - FVTPL	9.36	3.74
Price decrease by 5% - FVTPL	(9.36)	(3.74)

31 Corporate social responsibility expenses

Since the Company does not meet the criteria specified in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company is not required to spend any amount on activities related to corporate social responsibility for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

32 Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors its capital using gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total equity. Net debt includes long term borrowings, short term borrowings, current maturities of long term borrowings less cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances.

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Short term borrowings	839.65	1,965.00
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(64.24)	(850.66)
Net debt	775.41	1,114.34
Total equity	(84.86)	50.19
Gearing ratio	(9.14)	22.20

- (i) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Company that are managed as capital
- (ii) Debt is defined long term and short term borrowings and current maturities of non-current borrowings

The Company is a SPV of Shriram Properties Limited (the "Holding Company"). In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

> 31 March 2025 31 March 2024

33 Other commitments and contingencies

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts

Income tax matters

242 33

During the earlier years, the Income Tax Authorities have disputed certain allowances claimed/ incomes offered by the Company and resultant carry forward of business losses pertaining to assessment year 2016-17 and 2018-19. The Company is contesting these adjustments, which are pending before National Faceless Appeal Centre. Based on the advice from independent tax experts and the development on the appeals, the management is confident that loss disallowed will not be sustained on completion of the appellate proceedings and accordingly, pending the decision by the appellate authorities, no provision has been made in these financial statements.

Commitments

The Company has entered into joint development agreements with owners of land for its construction and development. Under the agreements the Company is required to pay certain payments/ deposits to the owners of the land and share in built up area in exchange of undivided share in land as stipulated under the agreements.

34 There are no employees in the Company. Hence Disclosures as required under IndAS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' is not applicable to the Company.

35 Segmental Information

The Company is engaged in the development and construction of residential properties which is considered to be the only reportable business segment as per IndAS 108, 'Segment Reporting'. The Company operates primarily in India and there is no other significant geographical segment. The Company has widespread customer base and no single customer accounted for 10% or more of revenue in any of the years indicated and hence the Company does not have any concentration risk.

36 Related party disclosures Nature of relationship

(i) Parties exercising control

Shriram Properties Limited Holding company

(ii) Key management personnel

K. R. Ramesh Director
Krishna Veeraraghavan Director
Rajesh Yashwant Shirwatkar Director

(iii) Other related parties

Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited Fellow subsidiary Shriprop Structures Private Limited Fellow subsidiary Shrivision Homes Private Limited Fellow subsidiary

Shriprop Living Space Private Limited Joint venture of Holding company

(iv) Balances with related parties as on date are as follows

Name of the related party	Nature of balance	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Shriram Properties Limited	Loans given	1,503.21	1,116.82
Shriram Upscale Spaces Private Limited	Security given by the company	196.21	-
Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited	Corporate Guarantee received	3,300.00	3,300.00

(v) The transactions for the years with the related parties are as follows

Name of the related party	Nature of transaction	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Shriram Properties Limited	Loan taken	-	1,263.40
•	Loan repaid	=	1,263.40
	Loan given	1,824.63	2,847.38
	Loan given, repaid	1,438.24	1,988.45
Bengal Shriram Hitech City Private Limited	Guarantee commission expense	33.00	-
Shriprop Structures Private Limited	Cross charge of marketing expense on the Company	-	5.06
Shrivision Homes Private Limited	Purchase of material	0.44	-
Shriprop Living Space Private Limited	Cross charge of marketing expense by the Company	-	1.40
Shriram Upscale Spaces Private Limited	Security given	196.21	=

37 Additional disclosures under IndAS 115 (Revenue from contract with customers)

A. Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract revenue:

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2025	Year ended 31 March 2024	
Contract revenue			
Sale of constructed / developed properties	1,034.26	5,653.02	
Commission income	116.91	83.03	
Revenue recognised	1,151.17	5,736.05	

B. Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Contract assets		
Unbilled revenue	79.01	97.35
Total contract assets	79.01	97.35
Contract liabilities		
Revenue received in advance	3,563.01	4,103.87
Payable to land owner	68.61	324.12
Total contract liabilities	3,631.62	4,427.99
Receivables		
Trade receivables	196.21	200.41
Total receivables	196.21	200.41

Contract asset is the right to consideration that is conditional upon factors other than the passage of time. Contract assets are initially recognised for revenue earned from property under development rendered but yet to be billed to customers. Upon billing of invoice, the amounts recognised as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables.

Contract liabilities include amount received from customers as per the installments stipulated in the buyer agreement to deliver properties once the properties are completed and control is transferred to customers.

C. Significant changes in the contract liabilities balances during the year as follows:

	As at 31	March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Particulars	Contract liabilities		Contract liabilities	
Faiticulais	Revenue received in	Payable to land owner	Revenue received	Payable to land
	advance		in advance	owner
Opening balance	4,103.87	324.12	5,636.82	945.85
Additions /adjustments during the year	218.41	=	3,454.09	-
Revenue recognised during the year	(759.27)	(255.51)	(4,987.04)	(621.73)
Closing balance	3,563.01	68.61	4,103.87	324.12

D. Significant changes in the contract assets balances during the year as follows:

	Unbilled revenue		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Opening balance	97.35	314.68	
Commission income recognised during the year	116.91	83.03	
Revenue recognised during the year	19.48	44.25	
Amount billed during the year	(154.73)	(182.62)	
Other adjustments	-	(161.99)	
Closing balance	79.01	97.35	

E. The performance obligation of the Company in case of sale of apartments is satisfied once the project is completed and control is transferred to the customers. The customer makes the payment at contract price as per the installment stipulated in the customer's agreement which can be cancelled by the customer at his convenience.

The transaction price of the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 March 2025 is ₹ 3,920.72 lakhs (31 March 2024 is ₹ 4,179.57 lakhs). The same is expected to be recognised within 1 to 3 years.

38 Ratios required as per Schedule III requirements

Ratio Name	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio (2024-25)	Ratio (2023-24)	% of change	Explanation
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.90	0.93	-2.70%	NA
Debt Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholders equity	(9.89)	39.15	125.27%	refer note - a
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service (Net Profit after taxes+Interest +/-Non cash operating expenses/ (income) +other adjustments)	Debt service (Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments)	0.24	0.96	-74%	refer note - c
Return on Equity Ratio	Net profit after taxes	Average shareholders equity	NA	NA	NA	NA
Inventory Turnover ratio	Cost of revenue	Average Inventory	0.19	1.04	-81.58%	refer note - b
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations excluding other operating revenue	Average trade receivables	5.28	26.30	-79.91%	refer note - b
Trade payables Turnover Ratio	Material and contract cost	Average trade Payables	0.20	1.57	-87.16%	refer note - d
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Working capital (Current assets - Current liabilities)	(1.93)	(10.44)	81.53%	refer note - b
Net Profit Ratio	Net profit after taxes	Revenue from operations	(0.13)	0.07	280.70%	refer note - c
Return on Capital Employed	EBIT	Capital employed (Net worth + Total Debt - Deferred tax asset)	0.42	0.27	55.10%	refer note - a
Return on Investment	Gain from Mutual funds	Average investment	0.18	0.07	154.62%	refer note - e

Note

- a. The reduction in debt equity ratio and increase in return on capital employed is on account of repayment of borrowings during the year and the Company has incurred losses during the current year.
- b. The reduction in the inventory turnover ratio, trade receivables turnover ratio and net capital turnover ratio is on account of no major registration of constructed properties to customers during the current year from properties held for sale and the registration process is yet to commence for properties under development.
- c. The decline in debt service coverage ratio and net profit ratio are on account of decline in net earnings during the current year.
- d. The reduction in trade payables turnover ratio is on account of reduced procurements and the repayment of the trade payables during the current year.
- e. The increase in return on investment is due to increase in FV of investments during the FY.

Compliance with the requirement of the Audit Trail under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility and the same was enabled and operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software at the application level. The Company has not enabled the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level, which has consequential impact on the preservation of the audit trail as per the statutory requirements.

The audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention at the application level.

40 Other statutory information

- (i) The Company has not advanced or provided loan to or invested funds in any entities including foreign entities (Intermediaries) or to any other persons, with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

41 Events occurring after the reporting date

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between 31 March 2025 and the date of authorization of these financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.:001076N/N500013

For Abarna & Ananthan

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 000003S For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of **Shriprop Projects Private Limited**

sd/-

sd/-

sd/sd/-

Rajesh Y Shirwatkar Director DIN: 02882293

K.R. Ramesh Director DIN: 02058969

Nikhil Vaid Partner

Hyderabad

Membership No.: 213356

Dheeraj M

Membership No.: 234705

Bengaluru 27 May 2025 27 May 2025 Bengaluru 27 May 2025 Bengaluru 27 May 2025